



## Identification of prickly bushes

Prickly acacia, Parkinsonia, Mesquite, Mimosa bush



Prickly acacia



Mesquite



Parkinsonia



Mimosa bush

Four prickly leguminous bushes or trees are woody weeds of western Queensland. Because two or more are often present in the same area, land managers should correctly identify them before considering control measures.

With practice, mature plants of the four species can often be recognised from a distance by their overall shape and sometimes their foliage colour.

However, because many trees are not the 'standard' shape or colour, quick visual identifications from afar are not always correct. All four species produce pines, yellow flowers, and bean-like seed pods. For positive identification a plant must be examined closely.

## Description

### Prickly acacia (*Acacia nilotica*)

#### Declared Class 2

Prickly acacia is a thorny tree growing to 10 m high but usually only about 4 or 5 m. It has ferny type leaves, as does mimosa bush and mesquite. Prickly acacia is usually single stemmed unless damaged by fire or frost, when it becomes multi-stemmed at the base. The flowers are ball-shaped, golden yellow, and about 1 cm across.

The pods are usually 10–15 cm, flattish, have constrictions between the seeds and are greyish when ripe. Young plants are very thorny but older plants tend to lose most thorns. The thorns are in pairs along the stem and are usually 1–5 cm long.

### Mesquite (*Prosopis* spp.)

#### Declared Class 1 and 2

##### Other common names: algaroba

Mesquites are the most variable in size, shape, and foliage colour of the four woody weeds described in this Pest Fact This is because more than one species is covered by the common name of mesquite *Prosopis pallida* (also known as *Prosopis limensis*).

*Prosopis glandulosa*, *Prosopis velutina* and a hybrid mesquite.

Mesquites are thorny, usually spreading, trees growing to 15 m tall They are favoured shade trees often found around homesteads Sometimes they have a shrubby habit or are trees with branches drooping to ground level.

They are mainly single stemmed and produce ferny type leaves The foliage is usually green but can vary to blue-green The twigs are smooth, often with dark red or green bark, and zigzagged with straight stout pairs of spines usually 1-3 cm long Overall, trees appear rather untidy with individual zigzagged twigs protruding beyond the main canopy They are not as neat in appearance as prickly acacia.

The greenish-cream flower is 5-8 cm long, and cylindrical (described as "lamb's tail") The pods are 10-20 cm long, straight to slightly curved, smooth, with slight constrictions between the seeds, and straw coloured when ripe In some species the pods may be purplish.

### Parkinsonia (*Parkinsonia aculeata*)

#### Declared Class 2

##### Other common names: Jerusalem thorn, jelly bean tree

Parkinsonia is a thorny shrub or small tree which can grow to 10 m tall. It can be either single or multi-stemmed. The leaves are different to the ferny leaves of prickly acacia, mimosa bush and mesquite. They consist of a flattened leaf stalk up to 30 cm long with tiny oblong leaflets in rows along each side. Sharp, recurved spines up to 1 cm long are found on the stem at the base of each leaf.

The stems, branches, and often the trunk of Parkinsonia are characteristically green Perfumed flowers are mainly yellow except one of five petals has an orange spot or is completely orange Flowers are arranged in drooping sprays about 20 cm long The pods are straight, 5-10 cm long, straw coloured, with long constrictions between the seeds.

### Mimosa bush (*Acacia farnesiana*)

#### Not declared

Mimosa bush is a rounded shrub growing to 3 m tall, occasionally it grows into trees up to 5 m tall It has ferny type leaves which are sometimes more of a yellowish green than the pure green of prickly acacia. The plant is nearly always multi-stemmed The flowers are identical to those of prickly acacia except they are sometimes more orange in colour.

The pods grow up to 6 cm long, are cigar shaped, slightly curved, and brown to black when ripe. The thorns are similar to those of prickly acacia.

## Distinguishing characters

Fortunately, the four prickly bushes or trees can be easily distinguished, as follows:

- Parkinsonia has leaves that are a flattened green leaf stalk with small leaflets moderately spaced along each side The other three weeds all have ferny type leaves.
- Mesquites are easily distinguished from prickly acacia and mimosa bush by the flowers – "lamb's tails" for mesquite versus small round flowers for the other two.
- Prickly acacia and mimosa bush are easily distinguished by their seed pods – constrictions between the seeds for prickly acacia versus a cylindrical pod for mimosa bush.

If there are no flowers, pods alone can be used to distinguish mesquites, prickly acacia and mimosa bush (see photos).

If there are no flowers or pods, bark colour can be used, with some expertise:

- Parkinsonia plants of all ages have green bark.
- The young bark of mesquite is often green and/or dark red.
- The young bark of prickly acacia has a tinge of orange or green.
- In mimosa bush, the young bark is grey with white spots.

## Further information

Pest Facts on each of the 'prickly bushes' are available from Department of Primary Industries and Fisheries officers. Further information is available from the vegetation management/weed control/environmental staff at your local government.

**TABLE 1 – SOME CHARACTERISTICS TO DISTINGUISH BETWEEN THE PRICKLY BUSHES**

	<b>Prickly acacia</b>	<b>Mesquite</b>	<b>Parkinsonia</b>	<b>Mimosa bush</b>
Pod shape	Up to 23 cm, long with constrictions between seeds	Up to 20 cm long, slight constrictions between seeds; straight or slightly curved	Up to 10 cm long, long thin constrictions between seeds; straight	Cigar-shaped, up to 6 cm long and slightly curved
Flowers	Ball-shaped, golden yellow, about 1 cm across	Greenish-cream flower spike 5-8 cm long and cylindrical in shape	5 petals mainly yellow except one which has an orange spot	Ball-shaped, golden yellow, about 1 cm across
Pod colour, hairiness	Blue-grey, fine hairs	Straw coloured, sometimes purple; no hairs	Straw coloured pod; no hairs	Brown to black; no hairs
Leaves	Leaves fernlike; 4 to 10 pairs of leaves, often overlapping	Leaves fernlike; 1 to 3 pairs of leaves, often with a gap between leaves	Leaves with long flattened leaf stalk with tiny oblong leaflets along each side	Leaves fernlike; 2 to 4 pairs of leaves with a gap between leaves
Leaflets	10 to 25 pairs or leaflets	10 to 14 pairs or leaflets	-	8 to 18 pairs of leaflets
Tree shape	Spreading tree to 10 m tall	Variable shape, usually a spreading tree to 15 m tall	Small tree or shrub usually to 5 m tall	Usually rounded shrub to 3 m tall
Bark	Bark on saplings has tinge of orange and/or green. Mature trees have dark rough bark	Bark rough, grey; smooth dark red or green on small branches	Bark smooth and green, straw coloured and lightly textured at base of older trees	Bark grey with prominent white spots
Branch shape	Branches more or less straight	Branches zigzag shaped	Branches slightly zigzagged	Branches zigzag shaped

Fact sheets are available from DPI&F service centres and the DPI&F Information Centre phone (13 25 23). Check our web site <[www.dpi.qld.gov.au](http://www.dpi.qld.gov.au)> to ensure you have the latest version of this fact sheet. The control methods referred to in this Pest Fact should be used in accordance with the restrictions (federal and state legislation and local government laws) directly or indirectly related to each control method. These restrictions may prevent the utilisation of one or more of the methods referred to, depending on individual circumstances. While every care is taken to ensure the accuracy of this information, the Department of Primary Industries and Fisheries does not invite reliance upon it, nor accept responsibility for any loss or damage caused by actions based on it.

**Identification of prickly bushes - flowers**



Prickly acacia



Mesquite



Parkinsonia



Mimosa bush

**Identification of prickly bushes – seed pods**



Prickly acacia



Mesquite



Parkinsonia



Mimosa bush